

## Complement as a multifaceted modulator of kidney transplant injury

Paolo Cravedi, Peter S. Heeger

*J Clin Invest.* 2015;125(3):1365-1365. <https://doi.org/10.1172/JCI81182>.

### Corrigendum

Original citation: *J Clin Invest.* 2014;124(6):2348–2354. doi:10.1172/JCI72273. Citation for this corrigendum: *J Clin Invest.* 2015;125(3):1365. doi:10.1172/JCI81182. In the original article, it was incorrectly stated that “Human CD46 (murine homolog Crry), also known as membrane cofactor protein (MCP), has similar decay-accelerating function, but also exhibits cofactor activity.” Human CD46 has only cofactor activity; it does not have decay-accelerating activity. The corrected sentences appear below. Page 2348: Human CD46, also known as membrane cofactor protein (MCP), exhibits cofactor activity: in conjunction with soluble factor I, this membrane-bound regulator inactivates C3b to iC3b, thereby preventing reformation of the C3 convertase. The murine homolog of CD46, Crry, has both cofactor activity and decay-accelerating activity. The authors regret the error.

**Find the latest version:**

<https://jci.me/81182/pdf>



## Corrigendum

### Complement as a multifaceted modulator of kidney transplant injury

Paolo Cravedi and Peter S. Heeger

Original citation: *J Clin Invest*. 2014;124(6):2348–2354. doi:10.1172/JCI72273.

Citation for this corrigendum: *J Clin Invest*. 2015;125(3):1365. doi:10.1172/JCI81182.

In the original article, it was incorrectly stated that “Human CD46 (murine homolog Crry), also known as membrane cofactor protein (MCP), has similar decay-accelerating function, but also exhibits cofactor activity.” Human CD46 has only cofactor activity; it does not have decay-accelerating activity. The corrected sentences appear below.

Page 2348:

Human CD46, also known as membrane cofactor protein (MCP), exhibits cofactor activity: in conjunction with soluble factor I, this membrane-bound regulator inactivates C3b to iC3b, thereby preventing reformation of the C3 convertase. The murine homolog of CD46, Crry, has both cofactor activity and decay-accelerating activity.

The authors regret the error.